P TINT COOPERATION TREAT

To:

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION

(PCT Rule 61.2)

om the international be

Assistant Commissioner for Patents United States Patent and Trademark Office

Box PCT Washington, D.C.20231 ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE

Date of mailing (day/month/year)
21 June 2000 (21.06.00)
in its capacity as elected Office

International application No.

PCT/US99/25365

Applicant's or agent's file reference
19603/2593

International filing date (day/month/year)

28 October 1999 (28.10.99)

Priority date (day/month/year)

28 October 1998 (28.10.98)

Applicant

HEMPSTEAD, Barbara, L. et al

	the state of the s	
1.	The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:	
	X in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:	
	24 May 2000 (24.05.00)	
	in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:	
2.	The election X was	
	was not	
	made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b).	

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Authorized officer

I. Britel

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35 Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

EXPRESS MAIL CERTIFICATE

DOCKET NO.: 19603/2595

APPLICANT(S): HEMPSTEAD et al.

TITLE: METHODS FOR REGULATING ANGIOGENESIS AND VASCULAR INTEGRITY

USING TRK RECEPTOR LIGANDS

Certificate is attached to the Copy of the Preliminary Examination Report of the above-named application.

"EXPRESS MAIL" NUMBER: EL710757195US

DATE OF DEPOSIT: April 26, 2001

I hereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Box PCT, Washington, D.C. 20231.

Wendy L. Harrold
(Typed or printed name of person mailing paper or fee)

(Signature of person mailing paper or fee)

PATENT COOPERATION TR



From the

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

та.

GOLDMAN, Michael L. Nixon Peabody LLP Clinton Square P.O. Box 1051 Rochester, NY 14603 ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE

ENTERED Nixon Peabody LLP

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19603/259

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Rule 71.1)

Date of mailing

(day/month/year)

05.03.2001

Applicant's or agent's file reference

19603/2593

PCT/US99/25365

International application No.

International filing date (day/month/year)

28/10/1999

Priority date (day/month/year)

IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION

28/10/1998

Applicant

CORNELL RESEARCH FOUNDATION, INC. et al.

- 1. The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary examination report and its annexes, if any, established on the international application.
- 2. A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- 3. Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translation to those Offices.

4. REMINDER

The applicant must enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices) (Article 39(1)) (see also the reminder sent by the International Bureau with Form PCT/IB/301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

Name and mailing address of the IPEA/

Authorized officer

Hundt, D

European Patent Office D-80298 Munich

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

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Applicant's or age	ent's file reference				ation of Transmittal of International
19603/2593		FOR FURTHER AC	TION	Preliminary	Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
International appl	ication No.	International filing date (c	lay/month/	'year)	Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/US99/25	365	28/10/1999			28/10/1998
International Pate A61K38/18	nt Classification (IPC) or na	tional classification and IPC	;		
Applicant					
CORNELL RE	SEARCH FOUNDATI	ON, INC. et al.			
	ational preliminary examismitted to the applicant a		prepared	by this Inte	rnational Preliminary Examining Authority
2. This REPO	RT consists of a total of	9 sheets, including this	cover sh	eet.	
been a (see R		sis for this report and/or of the Administrative	sheets co	ontaining re	n, claims and/or drawings which have ctifications made before this Authority e PCT).
3. This report	contains indications rela	iting to the following item	ns:		
ı ⊠	Basis of the report Priority				
— ⊠	-	pinion with regard to no	velty, inve	entive step	and industrial applicability
ıv 🗆	Lack of unity of invention		•		
v 🛭		nder Article 35(2) with re ons suporting such state		ovelty, inve	entive step or industrial applicability;
VI ⊠	Certain documents cite				
VII 🗆	Certain defects in the ir	nternational application			
VIII ⊠	Certain observations or	n the international applic	ation		
Date of submission	on of the demand		Date of c	ompletion of	this report
24/05/2000			05.03.20	01	
Name and mailing preliminary exami	g address of the internationa ning authority:	l	Authorize	ed officer	SE SOUS MILITAR
.71	pean Patent Office 1298 Munich		Perez.	F	Tanana ga

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Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465



International application No. PCT/US99/25365

I. Basis of the report

1.	resp the	oonse to an invitation	rawn on the basis of (substitute sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in on under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).):
	1-37	7	as originally filed
	Clai	ims, No.:	
	1-54	1	as originally filed
	Dra	wings, sheets:	
	1/10	0-10/10	as originally filed
2.	With	n regard to the lang guage in which the	guage, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.
	The	se elements were a	available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:
		the language of a	translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
		the language of pu	ublication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
		the language of a 55.2 and/or 55.3).	translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule
3.			eleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the y examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:
		contained in the in	ternational application in written form.
		filed together with	the international application in computer readable form.
		furnished subsequ	ently to this Authority in written form.
		furnished subsequ	ently to this Authority in computer readable form.
			t the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in pplication as filed has been furnished.
		The statement that listing has been full	t the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence irnished.
4.	The	amendments have	e resulted in the cancellation of:
		the description,	pages:
		the claims,	Nos.:



International application No. PCT/US99/25365

		the drawings,	sheets:
5.			established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been rond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):
		(Any replacement sh report.)	eet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this
6.	Add	litional observations, i	f necessary:
II.	Pric	ority	
1.		This report has been prescribed time limit	established as if no priority had been claimed due to the failure to furnish within the the requested:
		☐ copy of the earli	er application whose priority has been claimed.
		☐ translation of the	e earlier application whose priority has been claimed.
2.	Ø	This report has been been found invalid.	established as if no priority had been claimed due to the fact that the priority claim has
	Thu date	• •	this report, the international filing date indicated above is considered to be the relevant
3.	Add	litional observations, i	f necessary:
111.	Nor	n-establishment of o	pinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability
1.	The obv	questions whether the ious), or to be industr	e claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non- ially applicable have not been examined in respect of:
		the entire internation	al application.
	Ø	claims Nos. 1-46 (IA)-
be	caus	se:	
	×		I application, or the said claims Nos. 1-46 (IA) relate to the following subject matter which nternational preliminary examination (<i>specify</i>):
			ns or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so unclear pinion could be formed (specify):
		the claims, or said cl	aims Nos. are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/US99/25365

		could be formed.			
		no international search r	eport ha	as been e	established for the said claims Nos
2.	and	neaningful international pr I/or amino acid sequence tructions:	eliminar listing to	ry examin o comply	nation report cannot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleotide with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative
	П	the written form has not	been fu	rnished c	or does not comply with the standard.
					n furnished or does not comply with the standard.
	cita	asoned statement under ations and explanations tement	· Article suppo	e 35(2) wi rting suc	ith regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; h statement
	Nov	velty (N)	Yes: No:		1-30, 35-36, 38-39, 44-45, 47-48, 49-54 31-34, 37, 40-43, 46
	inv	entive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	12-13 1-11, 14-54
	Ind	lustrial applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	47-54 (for 1-46 see separate sheet)
2.		ations and explanations e separate sheet			

VI. Certain documents cited

1. Certain published documents (Rule 70.10)

and / or

2. Non-written disclosures (Rule 70.9)

see separate sheet

VIII. Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made: see separate sheet

EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

Re Item II

Priority

The priority date claimed has been found invalid for part of the subject-matter of the present application. Nevertheless, P-documents D12 and D13 relate to subject-matter covered by the priority document dated of 28 october 1998. Therefore they do not constitute prior art for the purpose of Article 33.2 and 33.3 (Rule 64.1 PCT).

Re Item III

Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

Claims 1-46 relate to subject-matter considered by this Authority to be covered by the provisions of Rule 67.1(iv) PCT. Consequently, no opinion will be formulated with respect to the industrial applicability of the subject-matter of these claims (Article 34.4(a)(i) PCT).

Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: OIKAWA T ET AL. JOURNAL OF ANTIBIOTICS, vol. 45, no. 7, July 1992, pages 1155-1160.

D2: HARDIE G & HANKS S (EDS.), 1995, ACADEMIC PRESS, LONDON

D3: US-A-5 654 427 (MURAKATA CHIKARA ET AL) 5 August 1997.

D4: WO 95 21193 A (UNIV MCGILL ;SARAGOVI URI H (CA); LESAUTEUR LYNNE (CA); CUELLO A C) 10 August 1995.

D5: WO 97 21732 A (UNIV MCGILL ;SARAGOVI H URI (CA); LESAUTEUR LYNNE (CA)) 19 June 1997.

D6: WO 00 10552 A (GLOBAL VASCULAR CONCEPTS INC) 2 March 2000.

D7: WO 96 33731 A (REGENERON PHARMA) 31 October 1996.

D8: US-A-5 817 471 (PARADA LUIS F ET AL) 6 October 1998.

D9: WO 98 32859 A (CORNELL RES FOUNDATION INC ;CRYSTAL RONALD G (US); ROSENGART TODD) 30 July 1998.

EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

D10: HEMPSTEAD B L. EXPERIMENTAL NEUROLOGY, vol. 124, no. 1, November 1993, pages 31-35.

D11: DONOVAN MJ ET AL. AMERICAN JOURNAL OF PATHOLOGY, vol. 147, no. 2, August 1995, pages 309-324.

D12: HEMSPTEAD B ET AL. BLOOD, vol. 92, no. 10 SUPPL. 1 PART 1-2, 15 November 1998, page 175A.

D13: MCGREGOR LM ET AL. PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, vol. 96, no. 8, 13 April 1999, pages 4540-4545.

Document D12 and D13 are P-documents. Document D7 is a E-document.

Novelty (Articles 33.1 and 33.2 PCT)

The use of a trk receptor ligand for treating pathological disorders is known from the prior art, (see D4 column 2, line 5-18; D5 claims 3-4, 14; D6 claim 3; D9 claim 3; D10 column 12, line 30-33). Nevertheless none of those disorders are treated by inducing angiogenesis or by promoting vessel growth or stabilisation. Therefore claims 1-30 are novel.

Claims 31-46 relate to methods of inhibiting angiogenesis by delivering an inhibitor of the expression of trk receptor ligand. Document D1 discloses the inhibition of angiogenesis by staurosporin which is a trkA receptor ligand (as confirmed by D3). The use of small molecules or antibodies binding to trk A, B or C receptors for treatment of cancer (this disease falls within the scope of claim 31) is known (D4, column 2 line 5-21; D5, claim 15, page 9 line 18-19; D6, claim 5). Therefore claims 31-34, 37, 40-43, 46, as far as they implicitely or explicitely cover a method of treating cancer using a trk ligand, lack novelty. The use of a trk receptor body or antisense molecule as inhibitors of trk receptor ligands activity for inhibiting angiogenesis, or the use of any inhibitors of trk receptor ligands activity for treating the diseases specified in claims 38-39, are not disclosed in the prior art. Therefore claims 35-36, 38-39, 44-45 are novel.

Claims 47-48 relate to method of screening compounds modulating angiogenesis, vessel growth or vessel stabilisation. D6 discloses a method of screening compound which bind to trkA receptor and are suitable for treating cancer (claims 5-6, 9). Nevertheless the steps involved in the screenings are different, e.g. detection of signal transduction in the

EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

application and detection of binding to an antibody for D6. Therefore claim 47-48 are novel.

Claim 49 (interpreted as indicated in item VIII below) relates to a method of diagnosing or monitoring a pathological disorder selected in the group consisting of the diseases enumerated in claim 54 by determining the presence or the amount of a trk receptor ligand in a biological sample or the activation of a trk receptor. Whereas similar technic is known for the monitoring of neurodegenerative diseases (see D10 summary of the invention), the diagnostic or monitoring of said diseases in not disclosed in the priort art. Therefore claim 49 and subsequent dependant claims 50-54 are novel.

Inventive Step (Articles 33.1 and 33.3 PCT)

The present application is based on the finding that trk receptor can modulate angiogenesis, particularly by promoting vessel growth or stabilisation. This application presents various aspects related to this finding, namely methods of screening compounds modulating angiogenesis, methods of treating, diagnosing and monitoring diseases that can be treated by modulating angiogenesis or related biological events such as vessel growth or stabilisation.

None of the cited prior art does suggest the ability of trk receptor to modulate angiogenesis.

However, D8 teaches that activation of trk receptors in vivo could stimulate vascular smooth muscle cells migration in the artery wall (page 321 "Regulation of ligand and receptor expression"), thus stabilising vessels. It would be a matter of routine for the skilled man to derive the subject-matter of claims 20-30, 47-54 from this teaching of D8. Therefore subject-matter of claims 20-30, 47-54, for those parts covering vessel stabilization by trk receptors, cannot be considered as inventive.

Moreover, D8 also suggest that neurotrophins play an important role in regulating the response to vascular injury (wound). It would be a matter of routine for the skilled man to derive the subject-matter of claims 11(completely) and 1-10, 14-19 (for the part related to the treatment of wound) from this suggestion of D8. Therefore the subject-matter of claims 1-11, 14-19, for those parts explicitly or implicitly covering wound treatment,

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EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

cannot be considered as inventive.

Similarly, the treatment of cancer with trk receptors ligands is known (e.g. D4, column 2 line 5-21; D5, claim 15, page 9 line 18-19; D6, claim 5). It would be a matter of routine for the skilled man to derive the subject-matter of claims 31-46, 47-54 for the part related to the treatment of cancer from said prior art. Therefore the subject-matter of claims 31-46, 47-54, for those parts which explicitly or implicitly cover cancer treatment, cannot be considered as inventive.

For those claims not anticipated or obvious from the priort art, an inventive step can be acknowledged as the prior art does not generally teach that trk receptor can modulate angiogenesis.

Industrial applicability (Articles 33.1 and 33.4 PCT)

For the assessment of the present claims 1-46 on the question whether they are industrially applicable, no unified criteria exist in the PCT Contracting States. The patentability can also be dependent upon the formulation of the claims. The EPO, for example, does not recognize as industrially applicable the subject-matter of claims to the use of a compound in medical treatment, but may allow, however, claims to a known compound for first use in medical treatment and the use of such a compound for the manufacture of a medicament for a new medical treatment.

Claims 49-54 relate to in vitro methods of diagnostic and are therefore succeptible of industrial application.

Re Item VI

Certain documents cited

Certain published documents (Rule 70.10 PCT)

Application No WO/00/10552

Re Item VIII

Certain observations on the international application

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY International application No. PCT/US99/25365 EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

Claims 7, 20, 26 comprise all the features of claim 1 and are therefore not appropriately formulated as claims dependent on the latter (Rule 6.4 PCT). The same objection apply for claim 37 with regard to claim 31.

The term "activation of trk receptor ligand" used in claim 49 is unclear. The description (page 19, line 31-page 20, line 2) when refering to said term, read "In one embodiement, the determining (of activation of a trk receptor ligand) comprises assessing trk tyrosine phosphorylation, as described above". In contradiction, above citation of the description (page 19, line 8-16) make reference to a test for assessing activation of trk receptor rather than trk receptor ligand. Therefore it is unclear if "trk receptor activation" or "trk receptor ligand activation" is meant. Therefore, claim 49 lacks clarity (Article 6 PCT). For the purpose of this report, the term "activation of trk receptor ligand" as been interpreted as "activation of trk receptor".

Claim 49 is not supported by the description as required by Article 6 PCT, as its scope is broader than justified by the description and drawings. The reason is that subject-matter of claim 49 covers method for diagnosing or monitoring any pathological disorder, whereas only the diagnosis or monitoring of a limited number of diseases is supported by the description. For the purpose of this report, the term "a pathological disorder" has been interpreted as the conditions enumerated in claim 54.



INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

19603/25	or agent's file refe ଦସ		HER ACTION		ation of Transmittal of International y Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
		International fi	ling date (day/monti	h/vear)	Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/US9	application No.	28/10/1999		ayou.,	28/10/1998
. •		ation (IPC) or national classificati			
A61K38/1		ttion (IPC) or national classificati	on and IFC		
Applicant					
CORNEL	L RESEARCH	FOUNDATION, INC. et a	al.		
1. This in and is	nternational pre transmitted to t	iminary examination report he he applicant according to Ar	nas been prepare ticle 36.	d by this Inte	ernational Preliminary Examining Authority
2. This F	EPORT consis	ts of a total of 9 sheets, incl	uding this cover s	sheet.	
b	en amended a	o accompanied by ANNEXE nd are the basis for this repo and Section 607 of the Admi	ort and/or sheets	containing re	on, claims and/or drawings which have ectifications made before this Authority he PCT).
These	annexes consi	st of a total of sheets.			
3. This r	eport contains in	ndications relating to the follo	owing items:		
1	🛛 Basis of t	he report			
II	☑ Priority				
HI	☑ Non-esta	blishment of opinion with reg	gard to novelty, in	ventive step	and industrial applicability
IV		nity of invention			
٧	□ Reasone citations	d statement under Article 35 and explanations suporting	(2) with regard to such statement	novelty, inv	entive step or industrial applicability;
VI	⊠ Certain o	documents cited			
VII	☐ Certain d	efects in the international ap	plication		
VIII	⊠ Certain o	bservations on the internation	onal application		
Date of sub	mission of the der	mand	Date of	completion o	f this report
24/05/20	00		05.03.2	2001	
	nailing address of examining author		Authori	zed officer	Supplied Million
	European Pater D-80298 Munich	nt Office	Perez	., F	
<u> </u>	Tel. +49 89 239 Fax: +49 89 239	9 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d 99 - 4465	Tolonh	one No. 140 9	30 2300 7338
	, an. ++0 00 200		i reiebii	one No. +49 8	Ja 2000 1000

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (January 1994).



INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/US99/25365

		is of the report	
1.	resp the	onse to an invitation	rawn on the basis of (substitute sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in on under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).):
	1-37	7	as originally filed
	Clai	ims, No.:	
	1-54	1	as originally filed
	Dra	wings, sheets:	
	1/10	D-10/10	as originally filed
2.	With	n regard to the lang guage in which the	guage, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.
	The	se elements were	available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:
		the language of a	translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
		the language of p	ublication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
		the language of a 55.2 and/or 55.3).	translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule
3.	Witl inte	h regard to any nu rnational prelimina	cleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the ry examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:
		contained in the in	nternational application in written form.
		filed together with	the international application in computer readable form.
		furnished subseq	uently to this Authority in written form.
		furnished subseq	uently to this Authority in computer readable form.
	. 🔲	The statement the the international a	at the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in application as filed has been furnished.
		The statement the	at the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence

4. The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

the description,	pages:
the claims,	Nos.:

listing has been furnished.



International application No. PCT/US99/25365

				50
		the drawings,	sheets:	
5.		This report has bee considered to go be	n established as if (some of) the amendments had not been managed yond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):	de, since they have been
		(Any replacement s report.)	heet containing such amendments must be referred to under ite	m 1 and annexed to this
6.	Add	litional observations,	if necessary:	
II.	Pric	ority		
1.		This report has bee prescribed time limi	n established as if no priority had been claimed due to the failur t the requested:	e to furnish within the
		□ copy of the ear	lier application whose priority has been claimed.	
		☐ translation of the	ne earlier application whose priority has been claimed.	
2.	⊠	This report has bee been found invalid.	n established as if no priority had been claimed due to the fact t	hat the priority claim has
	Thu date		f this report, the international filing date indicated above is consi	dered to be the relevant
3.	Add S	litional observations, ce separale s	if necessary: heet	
Ш	. Noi	n-establishment of	opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial	applicability
1.	The	e questions whether to	the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive trially applicable have not been examined in respect of:	re step (to be non-
		the entire internatio	nal application.	
	×	claims Nos. 1-46 (I	A).	
be	ecaus	se:		
	×	the said internation does not require ar see separate shee	al application, or the said claims Nos. 1-46 (IA) relate to the follon international preliminary examination (<i>specify</i>):	owing subject matter which
		the description, cla that no meaningful	ims or drawings (<i>indicate particular elements below</i>) or said clai opinion could be formed (<i>specify</i>):	ms Nos. are so unclear
		the claims, or said	claims Nos. are so inadequately supported by the description t	nat no meaningful opinion



INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT**

International application No. PCT/US99/25365

		could be formed.			
		no international search r	eport ha	s been e	stablished for the said claims Nos
2.	and	eaningful international pro for amino acid sequence ructions:	eliminan listing to	y examina comply	ation report cannot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleotide with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative
		the written form has not	been fur	nished o	r does not comply with the standard.
					furnished or does not comply with the standard.
	cita	tions and explanations			th regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; n statement
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	Stat Nov Inve	tions and explanations rement relty (N)	Yes: No: Yes: No: Yes: No:	Claims Claims Claims Claims Claims Claims	1-30, 35-36, 38-39, 44-45, 47-48, 49-54 31-34, 37, 40-43, 46 12-13

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet

VI. Certain documents cited

1. Certain published documents (Rule 70.10)

and / or

2. Non-written disclosures (Rule 70.9)

see separate sheet

VIII. Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made: see separate sheet

--- DCT/IDEA/400 (Boyos LVIII, Sheet 2) / July 1998)

Re Item II Priority

The priority date claimed has been found invalid for part of the subject-matter of the present application. Nevertheless, P-documents D12 and D13 relate to subject-matter covered by the priority document dated of 28 october 1998. Therefore they do not constitute prior art for the purpose of Article 33.2 and 33.3 (Rule 64.1 PCT).

Re Item III

Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

Claims 1-46 relate to subject-matter considered by this Authority to be covered by the provisions of Rule 67.1(iv) PCT. Consequently, no opinion will be formulated with respect to the industrial applicability of the subject-matter of these claims (Article 34.4(a)(i) PCT).

Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: OIKAWA T ET AL. JOURNAL OF ANTIBIOTICS, vol. 45, no. 7, July 1992, pages 1155-1160.

D2: HARDIE G & HANKS S (EDS.), 1995, ACADEMIC PRESS, LONDON

D3: US-A-5 654 427 (MURAKATA CHIKARA ET AL) 5 August 1997.

D4: WO 95 21193 A (UNIV MCGILL ;SARAGOVI URI H (CA); LESAUTEUR LYNNE (CA); CUELLO A C) 10 August 1995.

D5: WO 97 21732 A (UNIV MCGILL ;SARAGOVI H URI (CA); LESAUTEUR LYNNE (CA)) 19 June 1997.

D6: WO 00 10552 A (GLOBAL VASCULAR CONCEPTS INC) 2 March 2000.

D7: WO 96 33731 A (REGENERON PHARMA) 31 October 1996.

D8: US-A-5 817 471 (PARADA LUIS F ET AL) 6 October 1998.

D9: WO 98 32859 A (CORNELL RES FOUNDATION INC ;CRYSTAL RONALD G (US); ROSENGART TODD) 30 July 1998.

D10: HEMPSTEAD B L. EXPERIMENTAL NEUROLOGY, vol. 124, no. 1, November 1993, pages 31-35.

D11: DONOVAN MJ ET AL. AMERICAN JOURNAL OF PATHOLOGY, vol. 147, no. 2, August 1995, pages 309-324.

D12: HEMSPTEAD B ET AL. BLOOD, vol. 92, no. 10 SUPPL. 1 PART 1-2, 15 November 1998, page 175A.

D13: MCGREGOR LM ET AL. PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, vol. 96, no. 8, 13 April 1999, pages 4540-4545.

Document D12 and D13 are P-documents. Document D7 is a E-document.

Novelty (Articles 33.1 and 33.2 PCT)

The use of a trk receptor ligand for treating pathological disorders is known from the prior art, (see D4 column 2, line 5-18; D5 claims 3-4, 14; D6 claim 3; D9 claim 3; D10 column 12, line 30-33). Nevertheless none of those disorders are treated by inducing angiogenesis or by promoting vessel growth or stabilisation. Therefore **claims 1-30** are novel.

Claims 31-46 relate to methods of inhibiting angiogenesis by delivering an inhibitor of the expression of trk receptor ligand. Document D1 discloses the inhibition of angiogenesis by staurosporin which is a trkA receptor ligand (as confirmed by D3). The use of small molecules or antibodies binding to trk A, B or C receptors for treatment of cancer (this disease falls within the scope of claim 31) is known (D4, column 2 line 5-21; D5, claim 15, page 9 line 18-19; D6, claim 5). Therefore claims 31-34, 37, 40-43, 46, as far as they implicitely or explicitly cover a method of treating cancer using a trk ligand, lack novelty. The use of a trk receptor body or antisense molecule as inhibitors of trk receptor ligands activity for inhibiting angiogenesis, or the use of any inhibitors of trk receptor ligands activity for treating the diseases specified in claims 38-39, are not disclosed in the prior art. Therefore claims 35-36, 38-39, 44-45 are novel.

Claims 47-48 relate to method of screening compounds modulating angiogenesis, vessel growth or vessel stabilisation. D6 discloses a method of screening compound which bind to trkA receptor and are suitable for treating cancer (claims 5-6, 9). Nevertheless the steps involved in the screenings are different, e.g. detection of signal transduction in the

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application and detection of binding to an antibody for D6. Therefore claim 47-48 are novel.

Claim 49 (interpreted as indicated in item VIII below) relates to a method of diagnosing or monitoring a pathological disorder selected in the group consisting of the diseases enumerated in claim 54 by determining the presence or the amount of a trk receptor ligand in a biological sample or the activation of a trk receptor. Whereas similar technic is known for the monitoring of neurodegenerative diseases (see D10 summary of the invention), the diagnostic or monitoring of said diseases in not disclosed in the priort art. Therefore claim 49 and subsequent dependant claims 50-54 are novel.

Inventive Step (Articles 33.1 and 33.3 PCT)

The present application is based on the finding that trk receptor can modulate angiogenesis, particularly by promoting vessel growth or stabilisation. This application presents various aspects related to this finding, namely methods of screening compounds modulating angiogenesis, methods of treating, diagnosing and monitoring diseases that can be treated by modulating angiogenesis or related biological events such as vessel growth or stabilisation.

None of the cited prior art does suggest the ability of trk receptor to modulate angiogenesis.

However, D8 teaches that activation of trk receptors in vivo could stimulate vascular smooth muscle cells migration in the artery wall (page 321 "Regulation of ligand and receptor expression"), thus stabilising vessels. It would be a matter of routine for the skilled man to derive the subject-matter of claims 20-30, 47-54 from this teaching of D8. Therefore subject-matter of claims 20-30, 47-54, for those parts covering vessel stabilization by trk receptors, cannot be considered as inventive.

Moreover, D8 also suggest that neurotrophins play an important role in regulating the response to vascular injury (wound). It would be a matter of routine for the skilled man to derive the subject-matter of claims 11(completely) and 1-10, 14-19 (for the part related to the treatment of wound) from this suggestion of D8. Therefore the subject-matter of claims 1-11, 14-19, for those parts explicitly or implicitly covering wound treatment,

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cannot be considered as inventive.

Similarly, the treatment of cancer with trk receptors ligands is known (e.g. D4, column 2 line 5-21; D5, claim 15, page 9 line 18-19; D6, claim 5). It would be a matter of routine for the skilled man to derive the subject-matter of claims 31-46, 47-54 for the part related to the treatment of cancer from said prior art. Therefore the subject-matter of claims 31-46, 47-54, for those parts which explicitly or implicitly cover cancer treatment, cannot be considered as inventive.

For those claims not anticipated or obvious from the priort art, an inventive step can be acknowledged as the prior art does not generally teach that trk receptor can modulate angiogenesis.

Industrial applicability (Articles 33.1 and 33.4 PCT)

For the assessment of the present claims 1-46 on the question whether they are industrially applicable, no unified criteria exist in the PCT Contracting States. The patentability can also be dependent upon the formulation of the claims. The EPO, for example, does not recognize as industrially applicable the subject-matter of claims to the use of a compound in medical treatment, but may allow, however, claims to a known compound for first use in medical treatment and the use of such a compound for the manufacture of a medicament for a new medical treatment.

Claims 49-54 relate to in vitro methods of diagnostic and are therefore succeptible of industrial application.

Re Item VI

Certain documents cited

Certain published documents (Rule 70.10 PCT)

Application No WO/00/10552

Re Item VIII

Certain observations on the international application



Claims 7, 20, 26 comprise all the features of claim 1 and are therefore not appropriately formulated as claims dependent on the latter (Rule 6.4 PCT). The same objection apply for claim 37 with regard to claim 31.

The term "activation of trk receptor ligand" used in claim 49 is unclear. The description (page 19, line 31-page 20, line 2) when refering to said term, read "In one embodiement, the determining (of activation of a trk receptor ligand) comprises assessing trk tyrosine phosphorylation, as described above". In contradiction, above citation of the description (page 19, line 8-16) make reference to a test for assessing activation of trk receptor rather than trk receptor ligand. Therefore it is unclear if "trk receptor activation" or "trk receptor ligand activation" is meant. Therefore, claim 49 lacks clarity (Article 6 PCT). For the purpose of this report, the term "activation of trk receptor ligand" as been interpreted as "activation of trk receptor".

Claim 49 is not supported by the description as required by Article 6 PCT, as its scope is broader than justified by the description and drawings. The reason is that subject-matter of claim 49 covers method for diagnosing or monitoring any pathological disorder, whereas only the diagnosis or monitoring of a limited number of diseases is supported by the description. For the purpose of this report, the term "a pathological disorder" has been interpreted as the conditions enumerated in claim 54.